



MINNESOTA TOURISM ASSOCIATION

Aligned for Impact:
Chambers & Tourism as Economic Partners

MCCE Annual Meeting
February 19, 2026

Agenda

About MNTA

Why Tourism

Operating Models

Lodging Tax Statute & Allowed Expenditures

Other Funding Sources

Q & A



About MNTA



- Not-for-profit, membership organization representing Minnesota's Destination Management Organizations and Professionals
- Professional Development
- Industry Advocacy
- Network of Tourism Industry Professionals

www.tourismmn.com



Minnesota's Tourism Industry

- \$24.7 Billion in total economic impact for the state of Minnesota.
- 81.6 million total visitors
- \$2.4 Billion in state and local taxes generated
- \$14.7 billion in visitor spend
- 182,435 jobs generated
- Visitor-generated taxes saved each Minnesota household \$1,031 in 2024!

*Statistics courtesy of Explore Minnesota



Operating Models

Stand Alone Destination Management Organizations (DMOs)

- Governed by Board of Directors
 - Hires Executive Director, Governs policies and oversees program of work
- Funding
 - Lodging Tax
 - Contracts for Service
- Larger/Regional Tourism Destinations
 - Minneapolis; Rochester; Bloomington
 - Lake of the Woods Tourism; Visit Grand Rapids; Visit Fairmont



Operating Models

Chamber, Tourism, and Economic Development

- Quasi-Governmental Organizations
- Governed by Board of Directors (could include elected officials)
 - President Oversees Operation
 - Vice-Presidents/Executive Directors directing lines of business
- Funding
 - Multiple Funding sources, both public and private
- Regional, Outstate Destinations
 - Greater Mankato Growth, Faribault,



Operating Models

Chambers and Tourism Together

- Tourism is a function/line of business housed within the Chamber of Commerce
- Governed by Board of Directors
 - President Oversees Operation
 - Tourism Director (staff) Tourism Advisory Council (volunteers)
- Operations
 - Multiple Funding sources, lodging tax, membership, events, sponsorships
 - Shared overhead, staff,
- Community AND Tourism Focused
 - Collaborative
 - Owatonna, St. Cloud, Shakopee



Minnesota's Lodging Tax Statute

§ 469.190

- Established in 1983
- Authorizes a community to impose a lodging tax up to 3%
- Describes how the proceeds can be spent
 - 5% can be retained by taxing authority – no restrictions
 - “95% shall be used to fund a local convention or tourism bureau for the purpose of marketing and promoting the city or town as a tourist or convention center.”
- Collection
 - Local Taxing Authority
 - MN Dept. of Revenue



Exceptions

- Bloomington, Duluth, St. Paul, Rochester, St. Cloud and Minneapolis lodging tax revenue is not governed by the same statute and have been “grandfathered in” under different legislation and circumstances.
- Special legislation must be obtained to use lodging tax for a purpose that does not fund a local convention or tourism bureau for the purpose of marketing and promoting the city or town as a tourist or convention center OR to seek more than the 3% allowed by § 469.190

LODGING TAX EXPENDITURES: AUTHORIZED VS. UNAUTHORIZED USES



ACCEPTABLE USE: MARKETING & PROMOTING DESTINATION (Gaining Overnight Visitors)

ADVERTISING (Digital, Print, Media)



MARKETING CAMPAIGNS



DESTINATION PROMOTION



GAINING OVERNIGHT VISITORS



**DRIVES TOURISM
& HEADS IN BEDS**



UNACCEPTABLE USE (As Identified by State Attorney General Opinion)



BUILDINGS & CONSTRUCTION



MAINTENANCE & REPAIRS



FIREWORKS DISPLAYS



FLOWER BOXES & BEAUTIFICATION



TRAIL CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE



CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (General Infrastructure)



**DIVERTED FROM
TOURISM GROWTH**



Core Principle: Lodging tax funds must directly support activities that attract visitors to stay overnight, not fund general community infrastructure or services.

Unrestricted & Other Funding Options

- Grant Funding
- Tourism Improvement Districts
- Sponsorship/Advertising Dollars
- Additional/Other Taxes (these require legislative approval)
- City Budget/Levy
- Memberships/Sponsorships



Build A Place

*“If you build a place where people want to visit,
you’ll build a place where people want to live.*

*If you build a place where people want to live,
you’ll be building a place where people need to work.*

*If you build a place where people want to work,
you’ll be building a place where business has to be.*

*And, if you build a place where business wants to be,
you’ll be back to building a place where people want to visit.*

It all starts with a visit.”

Maura Gast, Executive Director, Visit Irving, TX



Q & A

**Minnesota Tourism Association
(MNTA)**

Deb McMillan

deb@tourismmn.com | 952-412-7035

www.tourismmn.com

Thank you!

